

Exploring barriers to welfare improvement - learnings from the working equid context

RSPCA Animal Welfare Seminar 2023

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Introduction

- Animal behaviour & welfare science
- Adult education
- International development
- Equine science (behaviour, handling, training, equitation, harnessing)

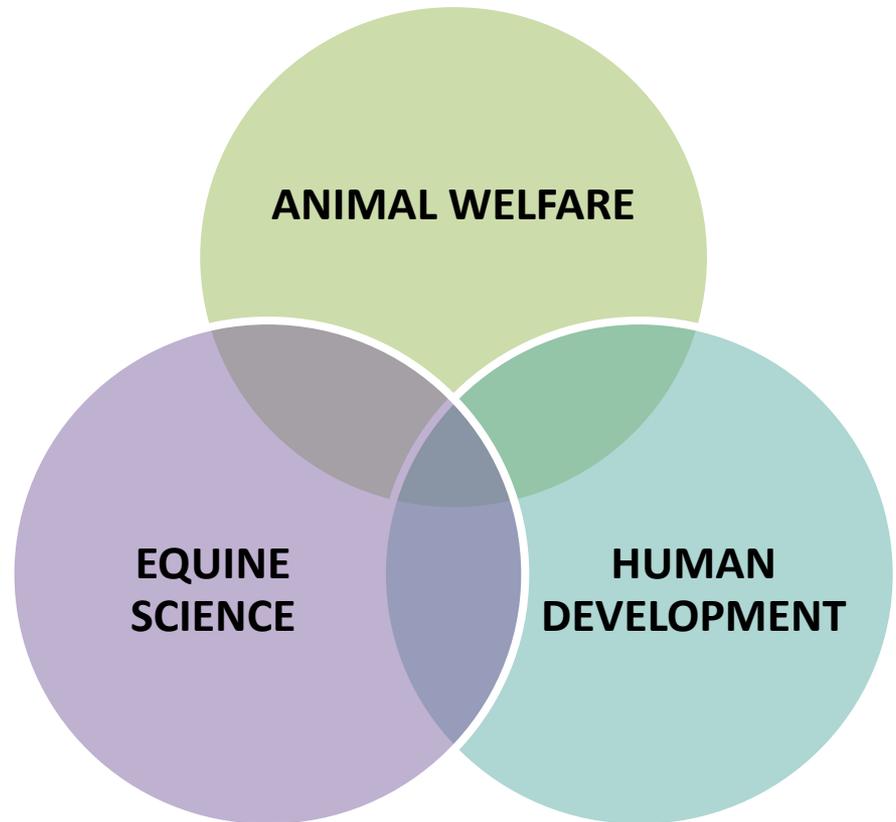




Welfare issues



Intersectionality



Barriers

- Limited **knowledge** of welfare needs
- Inadequate **equipment** and **husbandry** provisions
- Minimal access to professional animal health and welfare **services**
- Harsh living and working **environments**
- High **work-loads**



Potentially harmful practices



	Examples
Husbandry	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Single stabling & stallion isolation- Low roughage, high concentrate diet- Abrupt & early weaning- Recurrent transportation
Equipment	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Nose-bands- Bits- Spurs- Whips
Interventions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- Wind operations & tubing- Repeated AI & Caslick procedures- Recurrent farriery- Intra-articular injections

Image top left: Eurodressage

Image bottom left: Rex Features

K

A

P

KNOWLEDGE



ATTITUDE



PRACTICE



Approach to welfare improvement

1. Welfare problem

2. Causative factors (proximal & distal)

3. External influencing factors (APESTLES)

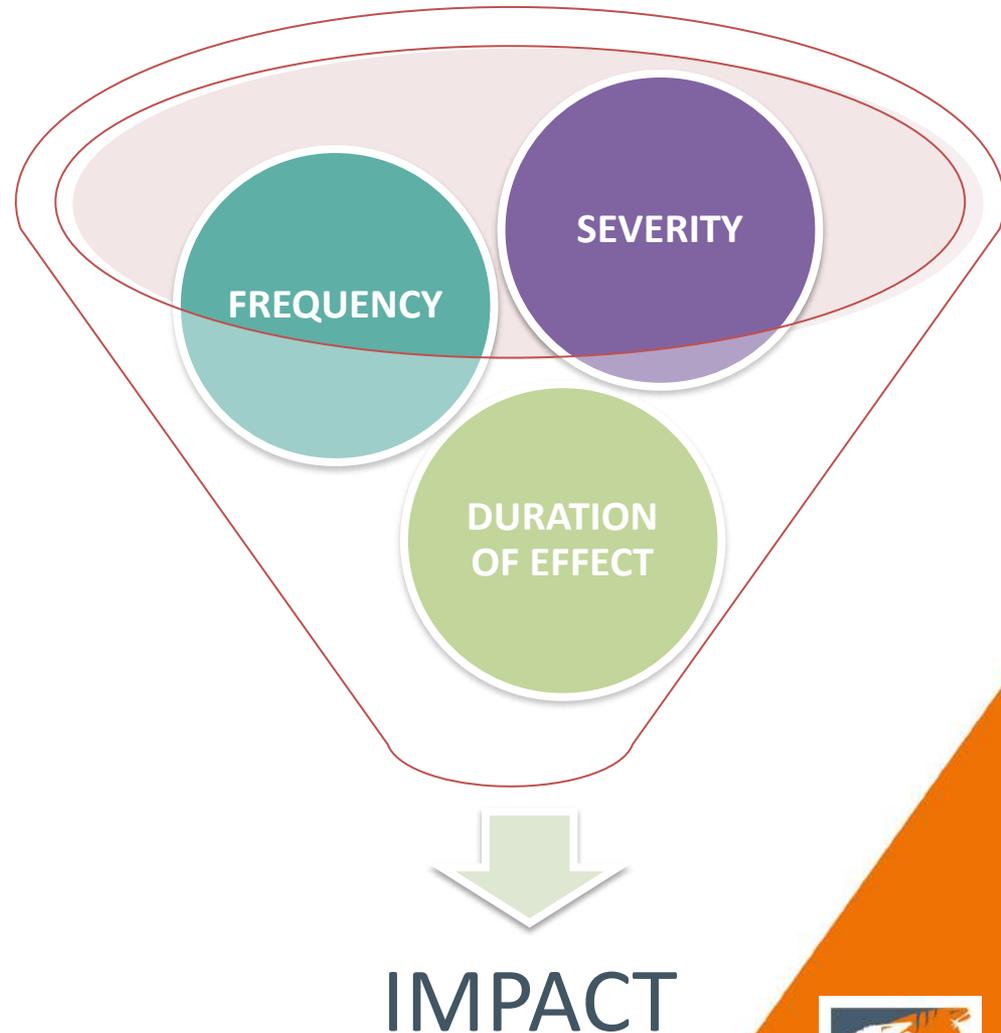
4. Key stakeholders & dependencies

5. Theory of change

6. Implementation & monitoring

1. Welfare problem

- Prioritise from animal's perspective
- Ask the animal
- Interrogate norms and assumptions



2. Causative factors

- Work and rest
- Proximal and distal
- Use the evidence base
- ‘Find the woman who knows’



3. Influencing factors

Adapted from Perera (2017)
The PESTLE Analysis.

ANIMAL

- What is the equids' ability to cope with demands? How is human-animal interaction?

TECHNICAL & SCIENTIFIC

- What does evidence say about welfare needs and status? What is stakeholders' comprehension?

POLITICAL

- What are current govt. issues, priorities, positions and public opinion on equine welfare?

LEGAL

- How does the current legislative framework pertain to equine welfare?

ECONOMIC

- What costs are associated with current practice or making a change?

ENVIRONMENTAL

- How is the equid's living and working environment affecting welfare?

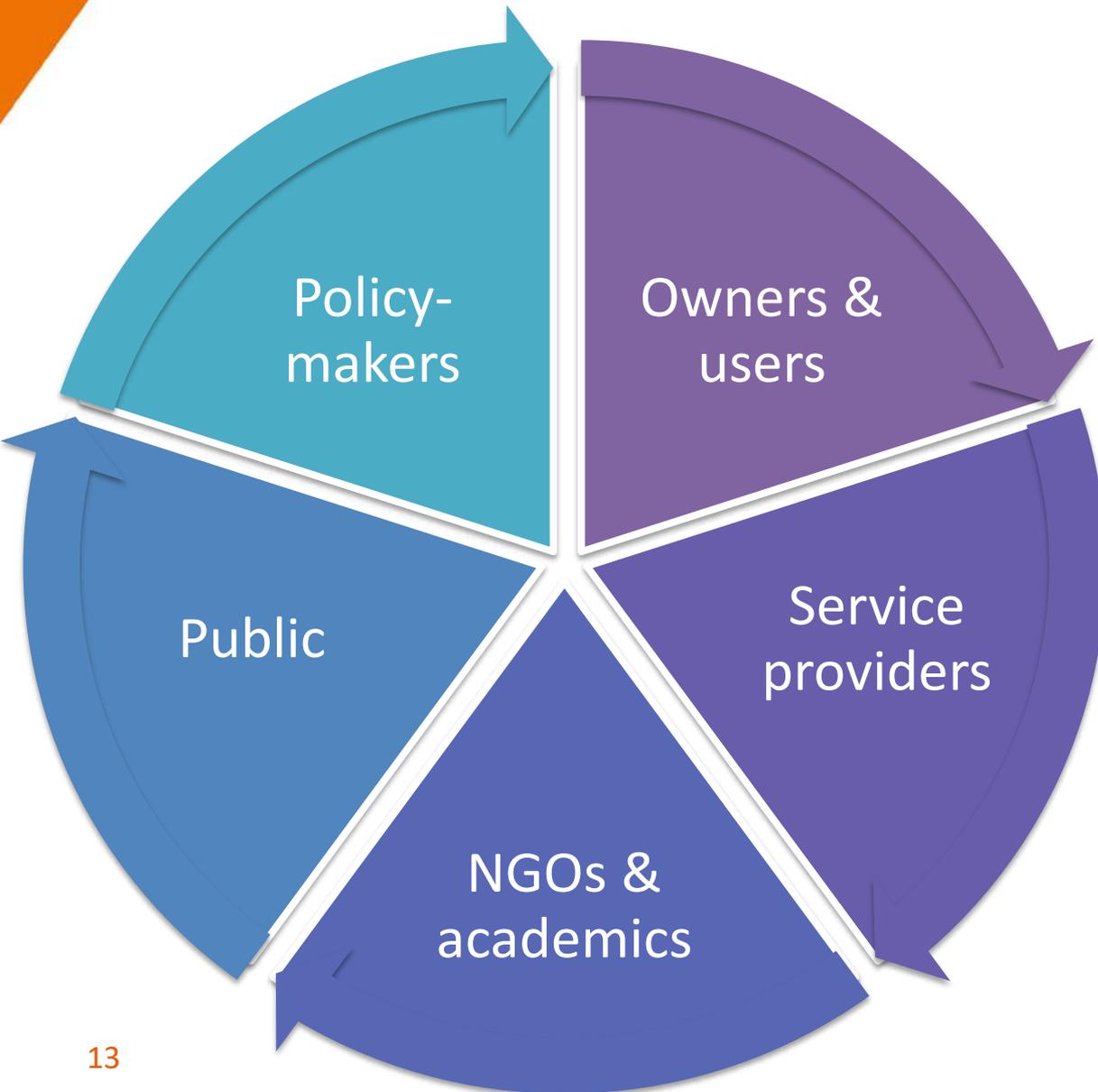
SOCIAL

- What are the relevant cultural norms and social pressures around equids?

SUSTAINABLE

- How can positive welfare change be maintained long term?

4. Key stakeholders

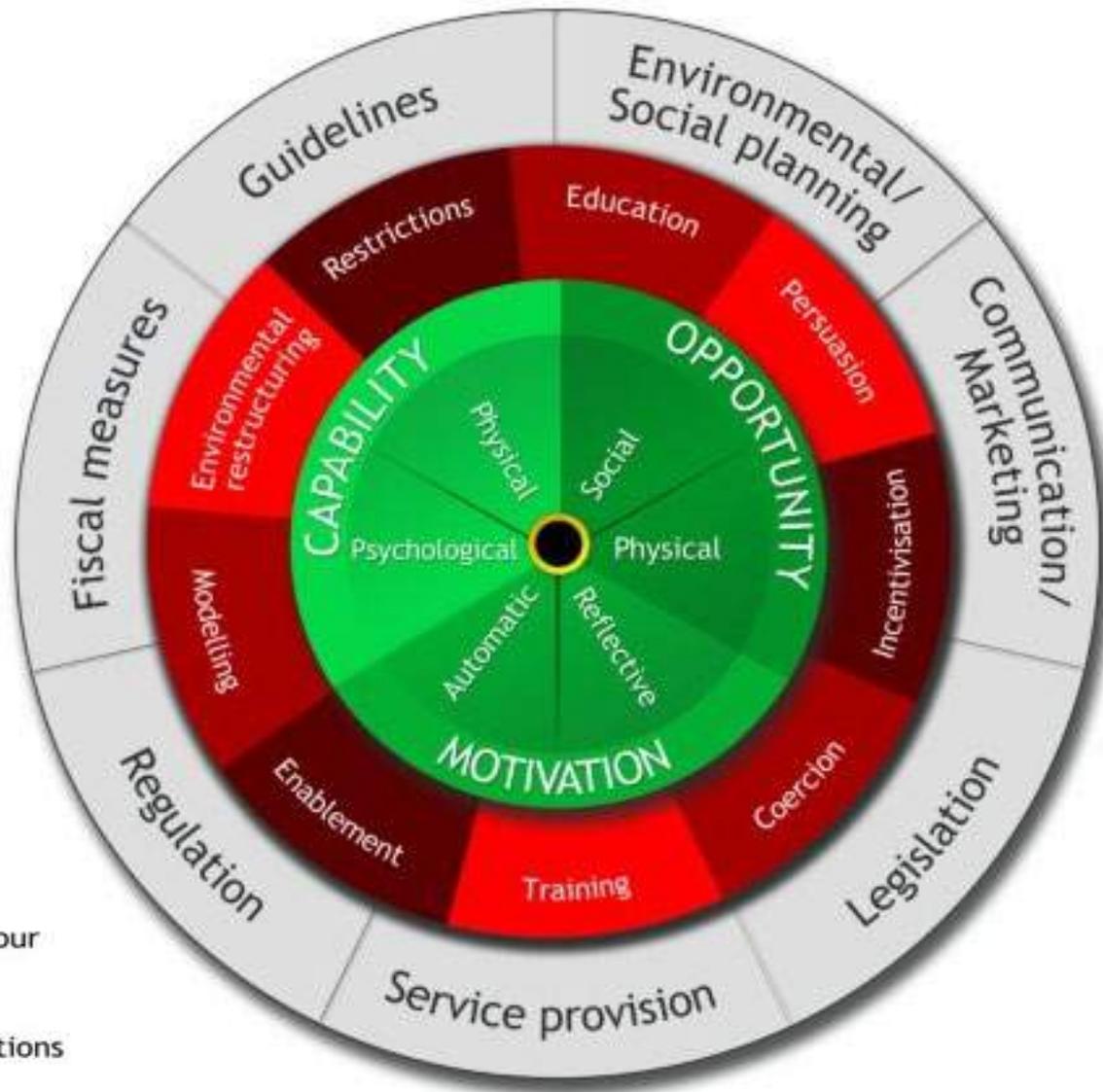


How might they influence:

- Knowledge
- Attitude
- Practice

on the **welfare issue?**

Human behaviour change



-  Sources of behaviour
-  Intervention functions
-  Policy categories

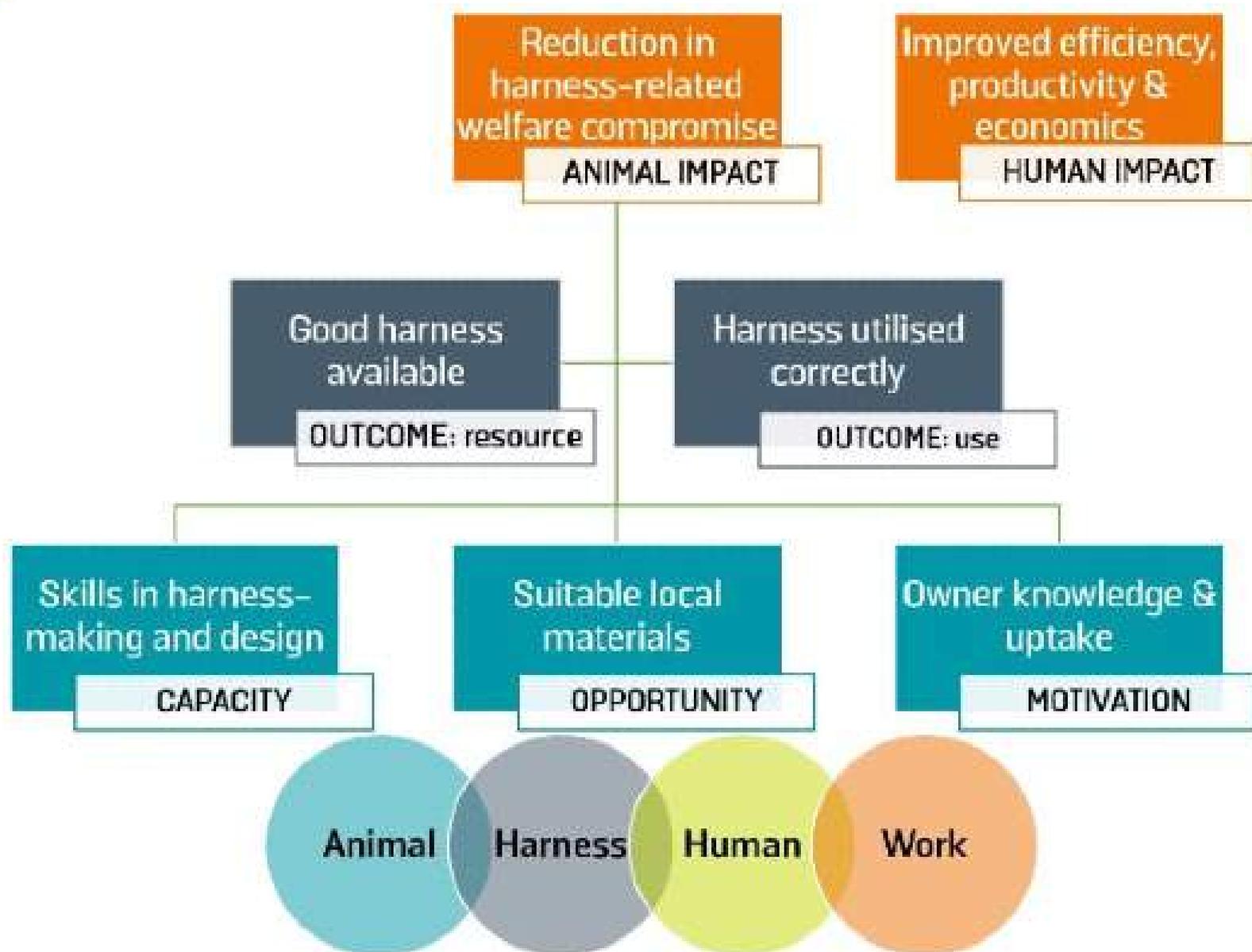
Extracted from Michie, Atkins & West (2014)
The Behaviour Change Wheel.

Human behaviour change



- COM-B model of behaviour change

5. Theory of Change



6. Implementation & monitoring



6. Implementation & monitoring



Animalwelfareindicators
[.thebrooke.org](http://thebrooke.org)

Key findings

1. Utilise **inter-disciplinary learning**.
2. Consider welfare issues from the **animal's perspective**.
3. **Situational analysis** is key - systematic and holistic.
4. Understand **stake-holder perspectives**.
5. Follow the **evidence**.





For Love of Horses

Diaries of Dorothy Brooke

*The story behind the founding of the Brooke,
the leading international animal welfare charity*

We have:

- *Such privilege of access to knowledge and resources.*
- *Such scope to do better.*
- *No insurmountable barriers if will is there*
- *No excuses.*

*For the love of horses –
let's do better...*



Thank you



- Brooke UK, country programmes & partners
- Tim Holmes (equestrian sports)
- Peter Muckle (harnessing)
- All the working horses, donkeys, mules & communities

Any questions?



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